Regional Anesthesia (RA) is preferred over General Anesthesia (GA) for patients with COVID-19 to reduce the need for aerosol-generating medical procedures.


USE SAFE PRACTICES

- Don appropriate PPE before doing the procedure, take extra time to doff, and use an observer.
- RA procedures are not considered aerosol-generating:
  - The use of respirator masks is generally not considered necessary for the performance of RA but may be necessary if close contact with a patient for prolonged duration is needed.
  - Use respirator masks when available, but they should definitely be considered for surgical procedures with a significant risk of conversion to GA.
  - All patients should wear a surgical mask to restrict droplet spread.
  - Ensure the use of plastic covers to protect ultrasound equipment.

CHOOSE THE RIGHT PROCEDURES

- The use of RA is not contraindicated for COVID-19 positive patients.
- Prepare and pack the required drugs in a plastic bag.
- Use blocks that have minimum impact on respiratory function such as axillary or infraclavicular brachial plexus block.
- Risk-benefit should be considered for perineural adjuvants and continuous perineural catheters.
- Currently, no dose adjustment for RA is recommended.
- Use ultrasound guidance for peripheral nerve blocks.

BE VIGILANT

- RA should be thoroughly tested before proceeding with surgery to minimize the need for conversion to GA.
- Use minimal supplemental oxygen - enough to maintain saturation.
- Rule out thrombocytopenia before neuraxial procedures.
- Watch and be prepared for hypotension after neuraxial anesthesia.
- Postpone epidural blood patch if possible until recovery from acute infection.